

Innovation for Our Energy Future

DOE Technical Assistance Program & RE-Powering America's Lands



New Partners for Smart Growth

Charlotte, NC

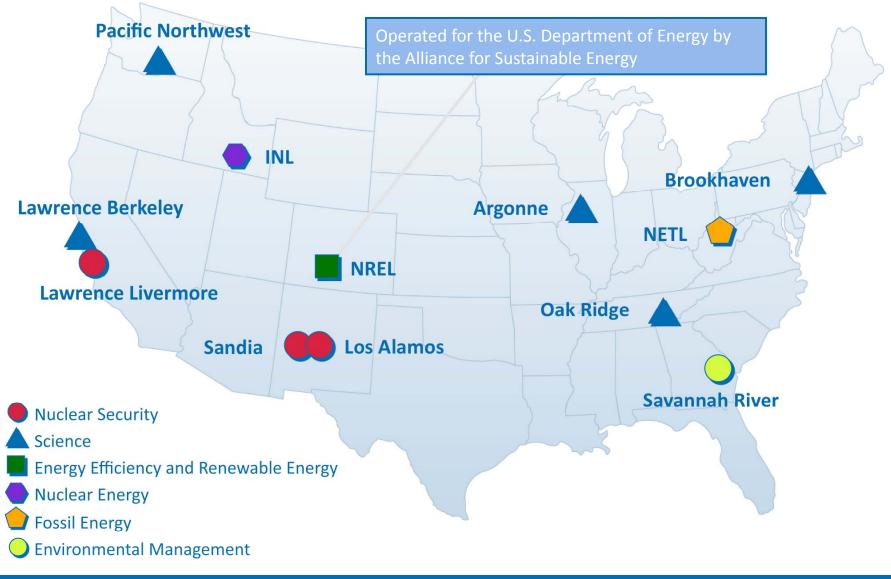
February 5, 2011

Courtney Welch

National Renewable Energy Laboratory

NREL is a national laboratory of the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, operated by the Alliance for Sustainable Energy, LLC.

The U.S. DOE Laboratory System



National Renewable Energy Laboratory

 Only national laboratory *dedicated* to renewable energy and energy efficiency R&D

- Fundamental science to technology solutions
- Collaboration with industry and university partners
- Research programs *linked* to market opportunities
- Originally the Solar Energy Research Institute, July 1977
- Designated a U.S. Department of Energy National Lab, Sept. 1991
- Current staff of ~2000 and budget of ~\$400 million/year

Mission: What We Do



Provide comprehensive implementation expertise to deliver sustainable energy solutions and accelerate market adoption. DOE's Technical Assistance Program (TAP) supports the Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program (EECBG) and the State Energy Program (SEP) by providing state, local, and tribal officials the tools and resources needed to implement successful and sustainable clean energy programs.



TAP Provider Network



How Can TAP Help You?

TAP offers:

- One-on-one assistance
- Extensive online resource library, including:
 - > Webinars
 - Events calendar
 - ➤ TAP Blog
 - Best practices and project resources
- Facilitation of peer exchange

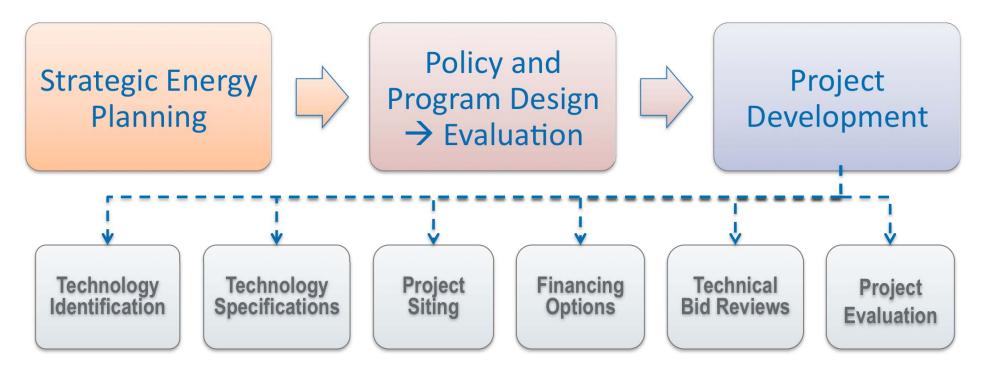
On topics including:

- Energy efficiency and renewable energy technologies
- Program design and implementation
- Financing
- Performance contracting
- State and local capacity building

Laboratory Technical Assistance



Giving state and local governments direct access to lab expertise, providing energy efficiency and renewable energy assistance that is technology neutral in the following areas:



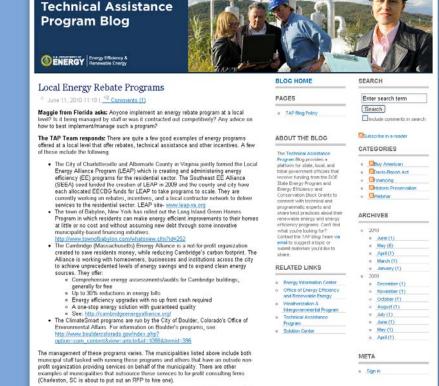
The TAP Blog

Access the TAP Blog http://www.eereblogs.energy.gov/tap/

Ask questions of webinar presenters, enter comments about the presentation topic, and share your thoughts with others.

Connect with technical and programmatic experts

Share best practices about your renewable energy and energy efficiency programs.

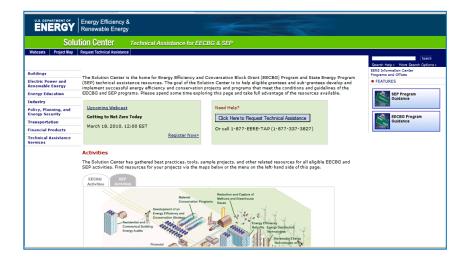


There is not one best way to go on implementing/managing municipal EE programs. There are good reasons and justifications for each of these three models. If the municipality is

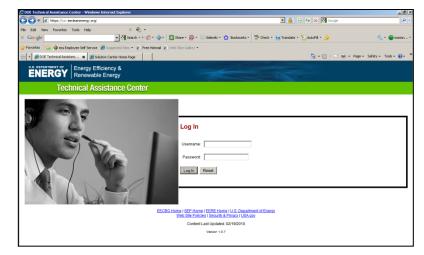
Accessing DOE TAP Resources

We encourage you to:

1) Explore our online resources via the <u>Solution Center</u>



2) Submit a request via the <u>Technical Assistance Center</u>



3) Ask questions via our call center at 1-877-337-3827 or email us at <u>solutioncenter@ee.doe.gov</u>

Why Renewable Energy?

- ✓ Existing infrastructure
- ✓ Increase economic value of the property
- ✓ Reduce the stress on greenfields
- ✓ Improved public support
- ✓ Provide clean energy for use on-site, local use, and/or to utility grid
- ✓ Create local jobs



Preliminary Screening: Resource Availability

Free online resource assessment tools

EPA Renewable Energy Interactive Mapping Tool

- Allows user to search by renewable energy type and/or contaminated land type, and site location
- http://www.epa.gov/oswercpa/mapping_tool.htm

In My Back Yard (IMBY)

- Web-based software tool that estimates electricity produced by a photovoltaic array and wind turbines
- http://www.nrel.gov/eis/imby/

RETScreen

- RE and energy efficiency technologies
- Training opportunities
- www.retscreen.net/ang/home.php

Other tools available from NREL: www.nrel.gov/analysis/analysis_tools.html





Level 1 Considerations: Solar PV

- 1. On the "Built Environment" where unshaded—size to capacity (pipes & wires) and load (kWh & thermal)
 - a) On roofs of existing buildings that are less than 5 years old and can accept added load. Reduces solar load on building. NEPA categorical exclusion.
 - b) On ALL new buildings –all new buildings should be "solar ready", see http://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy10osti/46078.pdf
 - c) Over parking areas, pedestrian paths, etc. –energy generation, dual purpose, and nice amenity.
- 2. On compromised lands such as landfills, brownfields, abandoned mine sites. Saves green fields for nature.
- 3. IF installed on green fields minimize site disturbance, plant native low height vegetation as needed.

Level 1 Considerations: Wind

- Turbines need to stand out
- Wind resource far more site-specific than solar
- For larger turbines, 30 meters or taller meteorological (MET) towers erected to determine site's resource
- MET studies often one year or longer



NREL's involvement in siting renewables on contaminated lands



NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY LABORATORY

Innovation for Our Energy Future

RE-Powering America's Lands

Brownfields

Federal Facilities

RCRA Sites

Superfund Sites

Underground Storage Tank Site



TAP: Richmond, CA

Requestor:	City of Richmond in coordination with EPA R9
Site:	Richmond's entire inventory of contaminated land sites
Request:	Develop a decision tool and guidance on determining high potential sites for redevelopment with renewables.
Deliverable:	Decision matrix that walks users through various considerations for determining priority sites for redevelopment with renewables
	 Pre-Screening: Resource and Site Evaluation Site Characteristics Power Demands, System Size, and Costs Economic Feasibility: Policy Support, Financial Incentives Additional Considerations: Ownership Finance Structures

TAP: Puerto Rico

- Requestor: Puerto Rico Environmental Quality Board
- Site: Six landfill sites in Puerto Rico
- Request: NREL to assess the potential of 6 landfill sites for solar power generation and prepare a feasibility study
- Deliverable: An on-site visit to assess each site, followed by feasibility studies for each of the six landfills in Puerto Rico. The studies describe the landfills, their potential for solar power renewable energy generation and the economics associated with solar generation at each landfill.

TAP: Carroll County, MD

- Site: Two closed landfill sites in Carroll County, MD
- Request: Assist the County's efforts to install solar on 2 closed landfills in Carroll County, MD
- Deliverable: Solar resource assessment and mapping, estimate usable acreage, economic feasibility assessment (consider federal/state incentives, electricity rates, and financing options)



TAP: Templeton Gap Landfill, CO

energy technologies.

Requestor: The Colorado Department of Public Health & Environment in collaboration with Colorado Brownfields Foundation A closed 43 acre landfill located within a business park at Site: edge of Colorado Springs in El Paso County. Request: NREL assistance with design and implementation support through financial modeling of renewable energy technology development on a closed landfill in El Paso County, Colorado. Deliverable: NREL to develop a financial model for redeveloping the Templeton Gap Landfill site using one or more renewable

State and local agencies/officials can submit a TA request directly.

EPA regional offices can also utilize TAP through cooperation with state or local offices and can request a TAP on behalf of the state or locality.

To apply email the following info to <u>tech.assist@nrel.gov</u>

- Brief request overview
- Contact in community
- Timeline requested
- Lab expert requested (optional)

www.nrel.gov/state_local/

Courtney Welch (303) 275-4381 Courtney.Welch@nrel.gov

Website: www.nrel.gov/state_local/ TA Email: tech.assist@nrel.gov

